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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/022,350	12/20/2001	Christopher Peggs	PEGG3001/REF 2605 EXAMINER		
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Richard E. Fichter			RODRIGUEZ, JOSEPH C		
BACON & TH	OMAS, PLLC				
625 Slaters Lan	ie		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
Alexandria, VA 22314-1176			3653		
			DATE MAILED: 03/21/200:	DATE MAILED: 03/21/2005	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application	m Na	Applicant(a)			
	Office Action Commons	Application		Applicant(s)			
V		10/022,35	50	PEGGS, CHRISTOPHER			
\	Office Action Summary	Examiner		Art Unit			
			Rodriguez	3653			
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communic or Reply	ation appears on the	cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address			
A SH THE I - Exter after - If the - If NO - Failu Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FO MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNIC asions of time may be available under the provisions of SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) a period for reply is specified above, the maximum stature to reply within the set or extended period for reply weeply received by the Office later than three months after a patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATION. 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no evolution in the state of	ent, however, may a reply be tin story minimum of thirty (30) day Il expire SIX (6) MONTHS from lication to become ABANDONE	nely filed s will be considered timely. the mailing date of this communication (35 U.S.C. § 133).	on.		
Status							
1)	Responsive to communication(s) filed	.on .	·				
•	•) ☐ This action is n	on-final.				
3)□	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Dispositi	on of Claims						
5)□ 6)⊠ 7)□	Claim(s) 1,5-12 and 16-20 is/are pend 4a) Of the above claim(s) 1,5-12,16 ard Claim(s) is/are allowed. Claim(s) 18-20 is/are rejected. Claim(s) is/are objected to. Claim(s) are subject to restriction	nd 17 is/are withdraw	vn from consideration.				
Applicati	on Papers						
10)⊠	The specification is objected to by the The drawing(s) filed on 20 December 3 Applicant may not request that any objection Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the oath or declaration is objected to be	2001 is/are: a)⊠ arion to the drawing(s) be the correction is require	e held in abeyance. See ed if the drawing(s) is ob	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). lected to. See 37 CFR 1.121	(d).		
Priority u	ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12)⊠ a)l	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority d 2. Certified copies of the priority d 3. Copies of the certified copies of application from the Internation of the attached detailed Office action	ocuments have bee ocuments have bee f the priority docume al Bureau (PCT Rul	n received. n received in Applicati ents have been receive e 17.2(a)).	on No ed in this National Stage			
2) Notice 3) Information	t(s) e of References Cited (PTO-892) e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PT- mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or P- r No(s)/Mail Date 10/29/04.		4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail D 5) Notice of Informal F 6) Other:	(PTO-413) ate ratent Application (PTO-152)			

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Final Rejection

Applicant's arguments filed 2/19/04 and 12/22/04 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive for reasons detailed below.

The 35 U.S.C. 112 rejections are maintained or modified as follows:

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

Claims 19 and 20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

Regarding claims 19 and 20, the phrase "whip-like" renders the claim(s) indefinite because the claim(s) include(s) elements not actually disclosed (those encompassed by "-like"), thereby rendering the scope of the claim(s) unascertainable. See MPEP § 2173.05(d).

Further, claim 19 depends off of a withdrawn claim, thus rendering the scope of the claims indefinite if the claims are passed to issue and claim 1 cancelled. Examiner recommends including the contents of withdrawn claim 1 into claim 19.

The prior art rejections are maintained or modified as follows:

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

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The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

Claims 19-20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Eide et al. ("Eide") (US 5,188,500)

Eide (Fig. 1) teaches a method for splitting bags comprising introducing at least one bag containing solid waste to a waste feed guide structure which directs the bag to bag splitting apparatus (Fig. 1) having a rotatable flail structure having a plurality of flexible flails (14) attached to a rotatable mounting (12) and rotating the flexible flails at a "relatively" high speed of rotation to provide a whip-like cutting action to tear open the bags (Abstract; col. 3, In. 16-col. 5, In. 56). Here, Eide teaches the further processing of the bag contents and does not teach the destruction of the bag contents during the tearing of said bag thus the method taught by Eide is regarded as "causing minimal damage to the solid contents of the bag". Further, the term "whip-like" is regarded as using some impact force, thus rotating the flails and using the force of flails to split or tear the bags can be regarded as "whip like" (col. 4, In. 15-63). Further, Applicant is respectfully reminded that to be entitled to patentable weight in method claims, the structural limitations recited therein must affect the method in a manipulative sense, and not to amount to the mere claiming of a use of a particular structure. See Ex parte Pfeiffer, 135 USPQ 31 (1961). Here, the structural limitations cited via reference to

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claims 1 and 18 do not impact the method as required, thus amounting to the mere claiming of a use of a particular structure.

Claim 18 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Andela (US 5,944,268).

Andela (Fig. 1-6) teaches, an apparatus comprising a rotatable flail structure having a plurality of flexible flails (Fig. 4-6, flails 42, 50; col. 4, ln. 66 et seq.; col. 3, ln. 5-10 describing coating of different flail-types, such as chain, with plastic) attached to a rotatable mounting (32) and a waste feed guide (Fig. 6, top near arrow). Here, it is noted that plastic has a Young's modulus of less than 50 GN/m2. Further, Applicant is respectfully reminded that claim language consisting of functional language and/or intended use phrasing is given little, if any, patentable weight as the apparatus must merely be capable of functioning, or being used, as claimed. See MPEP 2112.02, 2114. Here, the flails are certainly capable of creating a "whip-like" cutting action to tear open plastic bags as Andela teaches the rotation of the flails as capable of pulverizing glass thus it is implicit that a speed high enough to tear plastic bags is used.

Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments that the prior art fails to teach the claimed features are unpersuasive. In particular, Applicant emphasizes that the prior art is incapable of providing a "whip-like" cutting actions. Here, it is first noted that the language "like" renders the claim language indefinite and broadens the interpretation of the claimed

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invention considerable. For example, it is unclear why the "any desired speed" or the 120 RPM taught by Dongieux can not be regarded as "whip-like" or as a "relatively high speed of rotation". Further, it is worth noting again that functional language and/or intended use phrasing is given little, if any, patentable weight as the apparatus must merely be capable of functioning, or being used, as claimed. See MPEP 2112.02, 2114. This is especially applicable in the present situation as the prior art devices are certainly capable of creating a "whip-like" cutting action that tears open plastic bags. Indeed, it is unnecessary for the prior art to teach the specific capability as argued by Applicant as the prior art must only be "capable of" functioning as claimed. Further, as previously argued, the prior art devices, with proper gearing and a powerful enough motor, would be capable of rotating the flail structure hundreds of times per millisecond. Consequently, the claims stand rejected.

Specification

The disclosure is objected to as lacking appropriate section headings as outlined in 37 CFR 1.77. See also 37 CFR 1.72-1.77; MPEP § 608.01(a). Correction is required.

Election/Restrictions

Applicant's election, based on the status identifiers of 12/22/04, with traverse of claims 18-20 in the reply filed on 12/22/04 is acknowledged. The traversal is on the grounds that the non-elected claims are not patentably distinct. This is not found persuasive as a review of the withdrawn claims indicates several apparatus claims that

are distinct from the elected method claims based on a method-apparatus restriction.

See MPEP 806.05(e). Further, these claims stand withdrawn by the previous Examiner based on election by original presentation, wherein the presently elected claims represent the originally examined subject matter.

The requirement is still deemed proper and is therefore made FINAL.

Further, a complete reply to the final rejection must include cancellation of nonelected claims or other appropriate action (37 CFR 1.144) See MPEP § 821.01.

Examiner has maintained the prior art rejections, statutory rejections and drawing objections as previously stated and as modified above. Applicant's amendment necessitated any new grounds of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a). The text of those sections of Title 35, U.S. Code not included in this action can be found in a prior Office action.

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

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Conclusion

Any references not explicitly discussed above but made of record are considered relevant to the prosecution of the instant application.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Joseph C Rodriguez whose telephone number is **703-308-8342**. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F during normal business hours (9 am – 6 pm, EST).

The **Official** fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is **703-872-9326** (After-Final **703-972-9327**).

The examiner's **UNOFFICIAL Personal fax number** is **703-746-3678**.

Further, the examiner is tentatively scheduled to move in April 2005 and the contact info at the new location will be as follows:

April 2005, Personal telephone number is 571-272-6942

April 2005, UNOFFICIAL Personal fax number is 571-273-6942

Further, information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system.

Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PMR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PMR only.

For more information about the PAIR system, see

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Should you have questions on access to the Private PMR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (Toll Free).

Alternatively, inquiries of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding can also be directed to the **Receptionist** whose telephone number is **703-308-1113**.

Signed by Examiner Joseph Rodriguez

jcr

March 15, 2005

DONALD R. COLES.
SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER
TOCKNOWN COMMENT 2600